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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/756,418	01/14/2004	Masahiko Fujita	021547A	2984	
38834	7590 11/25/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
WESTERM	AN, HATTORI, DAI	LEE, GUI	LEE, GUIYOUNG		
1250 CONNE	ECTICUT AVENUE, N	IW			
SUITE 700	,		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	ON, DC 20036		2875		

DATE MAILED: 11/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/756,418	FUJITA, MASAHIKO	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Guiyoung Lee	2875	
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
WHICI - Extens after S - If NO p - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1.5 (SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period version to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communicatio (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)☐ 3)☐	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		5
Dispositio	on of Claims			
5)	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.  Ia) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.		
Application	on Papers			
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	·	
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			d).
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)[ <i>A</i>	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document  2. Certified copies of the priority document  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau  ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
2) Notice 3) Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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### Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-8 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2-8 of copending Application No. 10/305,391. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ladyjensky (USPT 5,370,828).

Re claims 1 and 8: Ladyjensky discloses a chemiluminescent device comprising plural number of chemiluminescent devices (1 and 6 in Fig. 3), a flexible container (1 in Fig. 1), an approximately cylindrical synthetic-resin ampoule (2) contained in said flexible container, said ampoule having a surface formed with one or more grooves (5) extending along the circumferential direction thereof; and two kinds of liquids (3 and 4) capable of generating chemiluminescence when they are mixed together, one of said liquids being enclosed in said ampoule, the other liquid being enclosed in said container on the outside of said ampoule.

Re claims 2-4: Ladyjensky discloses that the groove is broken-line-shaped groove (See 5 in Fig. 1). Further, Ladyjensky discloses that the groove having V-shaped section is spirally formed on the surface of the ampoule, wherein said chemiluminescent devices being integrally combined with each other (the chemiluminescent devices 1 and 6 are combined in Fig. 3).

Re claim 5: Ladyjensky discloses materials of the PET for the ampoule (col. 3, lines 3-17).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 6. Claims 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ladyjensky as applied to claims 1 and 2 above, and further in view of Noel (USPT 6,021,595).

  Re claims 6-7: Ladyjensky does not disclose a hole or hook of the container. However, Noel teaches a hole (10 in Fig. 1) and a hole (6) provided atone end of the container. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to employ Noel's hook or hole into Ladyjensky's chemiluminescent device in order to secure the
- 7. Claims 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ladyjensky in view of Blersch (US 6,903,262 B2).

chemiluminescent device to the fishing line easily and quickly.

Re claims 9-11: Ladyjensky discloses all the elements in claims 9-11 except a plurality of pinhole-shaped apertures for the breaking line. Ladyjensky discloses V-shaped grooves. Ladyjensky does not disclose a plurality of pinhole-shaped apertures for the braking line. However, forming a plurality of pinhole-shaped apertures along the braking line is a conventional method, Blersch discloses it (Fig. 6). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ladyjensky's V-shaped grooves into a plurality of pinhole-shaped apertures because such modification would be within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Guiyoung Lee whose telephone number is 571-272-2374. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on 571-272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LGY

Super ent Examiner
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